TEST NAME: Emily Dickinson Poem TEST ID: 2235246 GRADE: 06 - Sixth Grade SUBJECT: English Language and Literature TEST CATEGORY: School Assessment



Student:	
Class:	
Date:	

Returning

Returning

by Emily Elizabeth Dickinson

I years had been from home, And now, before the door, I dared not open, lest^{*} a face I never saw before

Stare vacant into mine
And ask my business there.
My business, just a life I left,
Was such still dwelling there?

I fumbled at my nerve,

10 I scanned the windows near; The silence like an ocean rolled, And broke against my ear.

> I laughed a wooden laugh That I could fear a door,

15 Who danger and the dead had faced, But never quaked before.

> I fitted to the latch My hand, with trembling care, Lest back the awful door should spring,

20 And leave me standing there.

I moved my fingers off As cautiously as glass, And held my ears, and like a thief Fled gasping from the house.

*lest: for fear that

"Returning" by Emily Elizabeth Dickinson. Public Domain Poetry. http://allpoets.net/emily-elizabethdickinson/returning-13673 (04/10/2013).

- How do the lines "The silence like an ocean rolled, / And broke against my ear" contribute to the development of the plot?
 - A by describing the sounds of quietness
 - ^{B.} by conveying the location of the events
 - c. by describing how the loud sounds made the speaker feel
 - D. by conveying the speaker's confusion while deciding her next action

- 2. How does stanza 4 contribute to the overall development of the poem?
 - A It presents a new problem that the speaker must confront.
 - ^{B.} It details how the speaker was able to stand up to her fears.
 - c. It shows the speaker's ability to mock her own fear of a door.
 - D. It explains the reason why the speaker has returned after many years.

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:

- 3. How does line 13 contribute to the development of the plot?
 - A by showing the speaker finds the situation funny
 - ^{B.} by showing the speaker is uncomfortable with the situation
 - c. by showing the speaker is admiring the quality of the door
 - D. by showing that the speaker hears laughter on the other side of the door

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:



- 4. How does the description of the speaker's fear in stanza 5 contribute to the development of the plot?
 - A by explaining why the speaker previously laughed at fearful thoughts
 - ^{B.} by revealing how the speaker's discovery of new residents diminishes any fear
 - ^{C.} by indicating any upcoming confrontation at the door will cause the speaker to faint
 - $^{\rm D.}\,$ by showing how the speaker's fear dominates, ultimately causing the her to leave without resolution

- 5. Which fits the meaning of *quaked* in line 16?
 - A closed
 - B. opened
 - ^{C.} shook
 - D. steady

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:

- ^{6.} Which does stanza 3 contribute to the development of the plot?
 - A A sense of regret that leads to impatience.
 - ^{B.} A sense of hesitation that leads to more anxiety.
 - ^{C.} A sense of reluctance that leads to embarrassment.
 - D. A sense of rising courage that leads to victorious action.

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:

- 7. In line 17, which word could replace *fitted* as used in the phrase "fitted to the latch"?
 - A closed
 - B. grasped
 - c. pulled
 - D. pushed



- ^{8.} What is the meaning of lines 5 and 6 in the poem, "Stare vacant into mine / And ask my business there"?
 - A The person answering the door may be frightened of the speaker.
 - ^{B.} The person answering the door would wonder if the speaker was a servant.
 - ^{C.} The person answering the door would invite the speaker inside for a welcome-home dinner.
 - D. The person answering the door would gaze at the speaker and ask for the reason for the visit.

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:

- 9. How does the phrase "Fled gasping" in the last line impact tone of the poem?
 - ^A It creates a sense of fear and desperation.
 - B. It causes a feeling of confidence and pride.
 - c. It creates of sense of excitement and hope for the future.
 - D. It causes a feeling of panic over how quickly time passes.

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:

- ^{10.} How does the use of the words *fumbled* and *trembling* impact the tone of the poem?
 - A They indicate that the author was apathetic.
 - ^{B.} They indicate that the author was nervous.
 - c. They indicate that the author was careful.
 - D. They indicate that the author was excited.

Read the passage - 'Returning' - and answer the question below:



- ^{11.} How does the speaker's reference to time in line 1 contribute to development of the plot?
 - A by showing she wants to forget her past by closing the door and running away
 - ^{B.} by showing the speaker thinks first about the future while trying to forget the past
 - ^{C.} by showing she recalls a point when a stranger knocked on the door but ran before she could open the door
 - D. by showing the speaker returns after being away for years and must decide whether she wants to confront her past

